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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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101112	Patrick K Gibson, Plaintiff, v.	CASE NO. C17-5187 RBL-DWC ORDER ON SEVERAL MOTIONS
13 14	Washington State Department of Corrections et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Plaintiff Patrick K. Gibson, proceeding <i>pro se</i> and <i>in forma pauperis</i> , initiated this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Presently pending before the Court are Plaintiff's: (1) Motion for Extension of Time to file Reply to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss ("Motion for Extension," Dkt. 7) and (2) Motion to Amend Complaint ("Motion to Amend") and Motion to Withdraw Motion for Extension ("Motion to Withdraw"). Dkt. 9. The Court grants both Motions.	
2324	¹ Also pending is Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (Dkt. 5) which will be addressed in a separately filed report and recommendation.	

1 Defendants and supplement his factual allegations. See Dkt. 9 at 2-15. Plaintiff is required to have filed a proposed Amended Complaint within the 21-day deadline. Nevertheless, the Court finds because Plaintiff filed his Motion to Amend prior to the 21-day deadline, Plaintiff's Motion to Amend (Dkt. 9) is granted. 5 To amend his Complaint, Plaintiff must file an amended complaint on the form provided by the Court on or before June 5, 2017. The amended complaint must be legibly rewritten or 7 etyped in its entirety, it should be an original and not a copy, it should contain the same case number, and it may not incorporate any part of the Complaint by reference. The amended complaint will act as a complete substitute for the Complaint, and not as a supplement. See Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1262 (9th Cir. 1992). 11 The Court also advises Plaintiff, "[1]iability under [§] 1983 arises only upon a showing of 12 personal participation by the defendant. A supervisor is only liable for the constitutional 13 violations of . . . subordinates if the supervisor participated in or directed the violations, or knew 14 of the violations and failed to act to prevent them. There is no respondeat superior liability under 15 [§] 1983." Taylor v. List, 880 F.2d 1040, 1045 (9th Cir. 1989) (citations omitted); see also Ashcroft v. Igbal, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1948 (2009) ("Because vicarious liability is inapplicable to 16 17 Bivens and § 1983 suits, a plaintiff must plead that each Government-official defendant, through the official's own individual actions, has violated the Constitution."); Corales v. Bennett, 567 18 19 F.3d 554, 570 (9th Cir. 2009); Preschooler II v. Clark Cnty. Sch. Bd. of Trs., 479 F.3d 1175, 20 1182 (9th Cir. 2007) (concluding that allegations that school officials knew of alleged violation 21 and failed to take corrective action were sufficient to state a claim); Harris v. Roderick, 126 F.3d 22 1189, 1204 (9th Cir. 1997). 23

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Thus, within the amended complaint, Plaintiff must write a short, plain statement telling the Court: (1) the constitutional right Plaintiff believes was violated; (2) the name of the person who violated the right; (3) exactly what the individual did or failed to do; (4) how the action or inaction of the individual is connected to the violation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights; and (5) what specific injury Plaintiff suffered because of the individual's conduct. See Rizzo v. Goode, 423 U.S. 362, 371–72, 377 (1976). If Plaintiff fails to file an amended complaint by June 5, 2017, the Court will proceed on Plaintiff's Original Complaint. The Clerk is directed to send Plaintiff the appropriate forms for filing a 42 U.S.C. § 1983 civil rights complaint. Dated this 5th day of May, 2017. United States Magistrate Judge